

Noted Recent Fakers Who Have Hoodwinked Nations



MADAME HUMBERT

COOK GETS BLOW FROM HOME FOLKS

Dropped From Membership of Institute of Arts and Sciences.

EXPLORER CRITICALLY ILL

Not Yet Told of Adverse Decision of Danish Scientists.

NEW YORK, January 4.—Dr. Frederick A. Cook must strike off another name from the list of his scientific honors, and this time the blow comes from the folks at home. The council of the Brooklyn Institute of Arts and Sciences, it was announced to-day, has voted that the discredited explorer be dropped from membership. This action was unanimous and the dismissal was summary, and it is the first time in the history of the institute that similar action has been taken.

Dr. Cook was a member of the executive committee of the department of geography, and until his polar claims were more or less shattered in Copenhagen, he had been held in high esteem by the members of the institute. He lectured to its members on his "polar discovery" soon after returning to America.

NEW CLUB HOUSES.

New York City—All of Them Near the Hotel St. Regis.

Said a prominent New York daily newspaper recently: "The new club district above Forty-second Street and between Broadway and Fifth Avenue has absorbed five million dollars in new construction. Throughout this territory there have been built some of the finest and most elaborate of these edifices to be found anywhere."

It is worthy of note that within this "club" district are also located some of the more progressive of New York's modern hotels. A striking example is the Hotel St. Regis, at Fifth Avenue and Fifty-fifth Street, a hotel known as "America's Finest," and peculiarly adapted to the patronage of the refined and discriminating. The St. Regis is more than a hotel, more than a mere temporary abiding place. Every feature of this hotel was designed to be the very best of its kind, and in its management and operation no detail that could render its service more perfect is omitted. It has all the attributes of an exquisite private residence, with the added advantage of the best hotel equipment and service. Its homelike atmosphere makes it eminently attractive to those of refined taste. Its restaurant—situated in the heart of the hotel—charges no more for food and service than other first-class hotels. Transient guests coming to New York and stopping at the St. Regis will find accommodations of the very highest grade in every particular, and at standard rates. Single rooms are \$2 and \$3 a day; the suite with private bath \$5 a day (for two people), while for a parlor, bedroom and private bath the rates are \$12 a day and up.

Some Excellent Rooms still on Sale for CLARK'S CRUISE OF THE "CLEVELAND"

12,000 tons, brand new, and superbly fitted.

ROUND THE WORLD

From San Francisco, Feb. 5, 1910. ONE STEAMER FOR THE ENTIRE CRUISE of nearly four months, costing only \$40 and including all necessary expenses.

ROUTE: Japan, China, Philippines, Borneo, Java, Sumatra, India, Ceylon, Egypt, Italy, etc. An unusual chance to visit unusual places.

TWO ORIENT CRUISE

February 4, 1910, by S. R. "Grosser Kurier," 78 days, including 21 days Egypt and Palestine, \$100 up, including hotels, shore excursions, etc.

FRANK C. CLARK, Times Bldg., New York.

H. B. BOWMAN, 70 E. Main St., Richmond.



DR. FREDERICK A. COOK



MRS. ANN O'DELL DE LA BAR

conveyed to them by Walter Lonsdale, the explorer's secretary.

That the report that Mrs. Cook has lost confidence in her husband and is ready to seek a legal separation or divorce is unfounded is indicated by the fact that Mrs. Cook, who, it is said, always has had implicit faith in her husband, is now at the explorer's bedside.

Mrs. Cook has kept her relatives informed as to her whereabouts and as to the physical and mental condition of her husband. Neither Mrs. Cook's breakdown before his mysterious disappearance from New York, nor her husband's disappearance, has been trailed by spies.

Divorce Story Denied. Dr. Roswell O. Stebbins, of No. 4 East Forty-third Street, who is a member of the Arctic Club of America, last night said:

"Statements credited to Mrs. Stebbins to-day regarding a misunderstanding between Dr. Cook and his wife were unauthorized and entirely without foundation. Neither Mrs. Stebbins nor I have seen Mrs. Cook since early in November. We know nothing of a moving newspaper talker with Mrs. Stebbins over the telephone on Sunday, but she made no such statements as were credited to her to-day."

"Even more sensational statements were printed in afternoon newspapers, although Mrs. Stebbins declined to see or talk with any reporter to-day."

Mrs. Josephine Dudley, a sister of Mrs. Cook, said:

"There is no truth in the story that Mrs. Cook has lost faith in her husband and will seek a divorce. Mrs. Cook is and all times has been loyal to Dr. Cook. Adverse criticism and the decision of Copenhagen has shaken her faith in the least. Dr. Cook is critically ill and Mrs. Cook is where she belongs—at her husband's bedside."

Mrs. Cook's two children, Ruth Hunt, nine years old, and Helen Cook, five years old, are at the Hamilton Institute, at No. 3 West Eighty-first Street. The absence of their parents the two little girls, who know nothing of the decision of the University of Copenhagen, are being cared for by Mrs. Cook's relatives.

Original Notebook Arrives. Dr. Frederick A. Cook's original notebook arrived here to-day, and will be examined by the committee immediately. Dr. Cook's secretary says, however, that the investigation will not alter the committee's judgment. He has convinced that the explorer's claim to discovery of the pole is not bona fide.

TO EXTEND VIRGINIAN ROAD.

Line Will Reach Huntington, Affording Ohio River Outlet.

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)—Within a short time the Virginia Railroad will be extended from Princeton to this city along the base of the East River Mount. The railroad will also extend their line from this city to Huntington, affording an outlet to the Ohio River from the inland regions of West Virginia, which are now being rapidly developed. In extending their line to this city the Virginians will open up the rich undeveloped Clinch Valley coal and mineral lands, which were purchased by the late H. H. Rogers, former owner of the road, and his heirs own the lands, which have increased in value hundreds of thousands of dollars since the Virginians started to extend their line up the valley. New York and Philadelphia capitalists are now developing much of the territory in Southeastern West Virginia, and for this reason the line will be extended to the Ohio River, so that the companies can ship coal down the Mississippi to the southern markets.

E. W. Mollenhoff, of Washington, D. C., is acting agent for the road in this State.

FIVE YEARS IN PRISON.

Negro Sentenced for Sending Obscene Material to the Times-Dispatch.

ALEXANDRIA, VA., January 4.—In the United States Court, Judge Edmund Waddill, presiding, Winter H. Harris, a negro of Alexandria, was sentenced to five years in the Atlanta penitentiary, to which there was added a fine of \$1,000 on a charge of sending obscene matter through the mails to young white women.

In passing sentence the judge severely criticized the prisoner, saying he should consider himself lucky not having been lynched, as such acts as he was accused of brought about lynchings in this country.

Examinations for Naval Academy. NORFOLK, VA., January 4.—The announcement is made that a competitive examination will be held in the City

D. A. R. EMBEZZLER PUBLICLY NAMED

Sarah B. Maclay, Former Trusted Employee, Is Accused.

OFFENDER HAS DISAPPEARED

Exposure Reluctantly Made to Protect Others From Suspicion.

WASHINGTON, D. C., January 4.—Every regent of every chapter of the Daughters of the Revolution has received the following announcement from Mrs. Matthew T. Scott, president-general of the National Society:

"The amount of the defalcation has been exaggerated. The sums taken have been small, and while it is impossible to make an exact estimate of the loss to the society, it can scarcely run up into the thousands, as has been asserted."

"I regret with sorrow and humiliation unspeakable that I am compelled, notwithstanding the anguish of crushed and grief-stricken friends, to give the name of this former and formerly trusted employee—our late curator, Miss Sarah B. Maclay."

"This statement is given, for one reason among others, in order to clear all other present or former employees in the offices from all blame or suspicion of complicity in this tragedy, which has brought with it so much of mingled shame, pity, indignation and sorrow, and we cannot but hope that some evidence of mental aberration may in part account for this first stain upon a hitherto unblemished escutcheon."

"(Mrs. Matthew T. Scott.)"

"President-General, N. S. D. A. R."

How Offender Was Detected. Inquiry at the D. A. R. headquarters to-day verifies the truth of the statement made by Mrs. Maclay, in that office for so many years. Miss Sarah B. Maclay, who had been an employee in the society since its founding, had always been so thoroughly trusted that when the corresponding secretary of eight years ago, suspecting that her mail was being rifled, asked for a private box, her request was refused by the board for the reason that such

permission would reflect upon Miss Maclay.

For years the national board of management of the organization has known that money was being stolen by some one in touch with the Washington office, though the sum, it is now stated, did not reach the rumored amount. When Miss Maclay, of Allentown, Pa., became the publisher of the society's magazine some months ago, she soon became so convinced that her letters were being continually robbed that she transferred her mail box to the boardroom of the office in a spot where it could be seen from the windows of a building opposite.

The post-office authorities were informed of her suspicions and action. A detective was stationed in a room in the building across the street. With a field glass he saw Miss Maclay enter early several mornings and take letters from the box.

Copy letters were then mailed. Miss Maclay, it is declared, was caught in the act of purloining them. Later she made a confession, it is stated, to one of the officials of the D. A. R., in which she admitted she did not know how long she had been tampering with the mails.

Culprit Has Disappeared. The amount stolen may never be known. The culprit has disappeared, and, it is said, will not be prosecuted by the organization.

In referring to the matter to-day a member connected with the Washington headquarters spoke of the suffering inflicted upon an innocent and most beloved woman, now dead.

"Miss Maclay," she said, "would sit by and see that poor girl's tears, but the robberies continued."

It is said that Mrs. Scott felt compelled, in spite of the strongest influence, to announce Miss Maclay as the culprit, because of the ill effects the suspicion had had upon other innocent members of the society connected with the Washington headquarters.

COURT DECIDES IN FAVOR OF NANCE

Judge Ingram Holds City Jailor Is Entitled to Reward for Recovering Jewelry.

Judge Ingram in the Law and Equity Court yesterday rendered his decision on the demurrer in the suit of former City Jailor Thomas Nance against Mrs. Sue Williams Buek, the court holding that the city jailor was entitled to the reward offered for the restoration of stolen jewelry. The case will be carried to the Supreme Court.

Mrs. Buek, who is prominent in Richmond society, came from New York to Richmond on a Pullman car early in 1908. Jewelry and gold to the value of about \$20,000 was stolen from her berth, resulting in a general search of the car and several arrests, and the arrest on suspicion of the negro porter, Sam Tucker. Mrs. Buek at once offered a reward of \$1,000 for information which would lead to the recovery of the jewelry.

While in the City Jail on suspicion Tucker confessed to another negro and then to the jailer where the jewels were hidden, and search of his house led to their recovery, whereupon the jailer claimed the reward.

Detectives who had caused Tucker's arrest and others who assisted in the search claimed part of the money. The reward was divided among several attorneys who had a hand in the case also laid claim to a share in the reward. Mrs. Buek has at no time shown any unwillingness to pay the reward, but has awaited a determination of the question of the rightful claimant. Jailer Nance sued for the whole amount, and received a verdict some time since from the jury, subject to the court's ruling on a demurrer entered by counsel for several other claimants. The court yesterday overruled the demurrer, and the case will now go to the Supreme Court. Jailer Nance is unwilling to pay the reward to one claimant and stand the risk of being forced to pay it again to another.

At this price, our importation of Old Maderia, whose full, mellowed body, exquisite flavor, is without a peer—

Out bottling, per gal., \$1.25—\$5.00. Get our catalogue.

Johnson's Wood Dyes & Wax. We Carry the Complete Line. Tanner Paint & Oil Co. 1418 East Main Street, RICHMOND, VA.

A GREAT CURSE OF MODERN LIFE

Uric Acid Causes Dangerous, Torturing Troubles When the Kidneys Are Sick.



DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS. Sold by all dealers. Price 50 cents. FOSTER-MILBURN CO., Buffalo, N.Y., Proprietors.

There is no more serious danger to health than the presence of too much uric acid in the body. It is the duty of the kidneys to rid the system of uric poisons as fast as they accumulate. When the kidneys fail to do this work thoroughly, uric acid attacks begin, first in one part, then in another. The cause of these attacks is so likely to be mistaken, even by a doctor, that it is well to post yourself on the subject. If uric acid troubles are recognized in the beginning it is easy to cure the weakened kidneys with Doan's Kidney Pills, and when the kidneys are working right again the uric acid will be driven off as fast as it gathers in the urine.

It is dangerous to neglect sick kidneys. It leaves the uric acid free to attack and damage every organ of the body. The blood gets so thick with waste matter that it moves slowly, the heart beats queerly, the veins and arteries harden; uric acid crystals are deposited in muscles and joints, and are likely to form into sediment, gravel and stones in the kidneys and bladder; dropsy swellings appear, and the gradual tendency is towards Bright's disease.

Doan's Kidney Pills. The pains from uric acid attacks are characteristic: Backache, sciatica, muscular or articular rheumatism, neuralgia, lumbago, pains through the hips and groin, headache and nervous disorders. When sediment appears in the urine and you begin to feel odd twinges of pain, the kidneys are not doing their duty, and treatment with Doan's Kidney Pills should be begun at once. What this remedy has done for others it will do for you.

Richmond Proof. W. S. Reeves, 3308 East Marshall Street, Richmond, Va., says: "I am glad to again tell how highly I value Doan's Kidney Pills, and confirm the public statement I gave in December, 1902, in which I told of my experience with them. I was badly afflicted with kidney complaint and my back was extremely weak. The kidney secretions were too frequent in passage and my rest was broken at night on this account. Doan's Kidney Pills, which were procured at the Owens & Minor Drug Company, completely cured me, and it pleases me to say that no symptoms of my trouble have ever returned. Doan's Kidney Pills are certainly an effective medicine in cases of kidney complaint."

Supreme Court Hears Arguments. Attorney Nicol Speaks in Defense of Tobacco Trust.

GOVERNMENT CONCLUDES Case for Prosecution Made by Assistant Attorney-General.

WASHINGTON, January 4.—After addressing the court for almost three hours and a half in a tobacco trust case, which is now under argument before the Supreme Court of the United States, special Assistant Attorney-General McReynolds concluded his argument in prosecution of the case at 1 o'clock to-day, and was followed by Attorney Delaney Nicol, of New York, who spoke in behalf of the tobacco company.

Mr. McReynolds contended that the whole tobacco industry, from the purchase of the leaf to the completion of the cigarette, was in the control of the trust, because of its interference with interstate commerce. He contended that the power of the combination extended everywhere.

Indeed, he asserted, it had been the purpose of the combination to monopolize the entire tobacco business, and he declared that if the tobacco company could not be reached under the Sherman law, it would be impossible to prevent monopoly, with the result that the fanned security against extortion and wrong under which the American people live would be a myth.

"In that event," he said, "we would be at the mercy of any set of men sufficed to form a trust to gather in all their competitors into themselves."

Argument of Mr. Nicol. Mr. Nicol pointed out what he charged were misrepresentations on the part of the prosecution. For instance, he said that the government had proceeded on the theory that the existence of the American Tobacco Company is injurious alike to producers, consumers and dealers, whereas he asserted that there had been no increase in the price of tobacco to consumers, nor damage to any other class.

He quoted from the judges in the court below statements to the effect that not only had there been no enhancement of the prices of tobacco, but that new enterprises had been born, and had thriven, since the organization of the tobacco company. He also undertook to show that 150,000 additional acres of land had been devoted to the growth of tobacco in that period, and said that one of the judges in the lower court had stated that the record in this case had shown that the tobacco business had been remarkably free from coercion and oppression, such as are incidental to most lines of business.

"So," he said, "we come acquitted by the court below of the grave charges that are made against us, and in the judgment of that court we stand before you with clean hands."

Mr. Nicol also said that the record would show that the American Company does not control the tobacco lands nor purchase more than one-half of the tobacco crops.

Virginians at the Hotels. Jefferson—Edmond S. Burwell, Ashland; W. Williams, E. H. Hays, Blacksburg; Robert W. Massie, Lynchburg; William E. Allen, Covington; R. D. Damon, Mass Neck; C. W. Goodwin.

Murphy—Mrs. D. W. R. Read, Lynchburg; George W. Walworth, Kenbridge; W. G. Whitney, Kenbridge; A. A. Skeen, Clintwood; S. C. Smith, Millford; J. A. Compton, Blacksburg; C. H. Hart, Jr., William and Mary College; B. E. Worrell, Roanoke; C. C. Stagg, Providence Forge; A. E. G. Williams, Lynchburg; George Dickinson, Louisa; B. G. Nichols, Jr., Blacksburg; John R. Hew, Acemac; J. V. Albright, Norfolk; George H. Kessell, Rockingham; Otto Wells, Norfolk; J. A. Ligon, Charlottesville; G. M. Peterson, Norfolk; F. A. Ligon, Charlottesville; J. T. Collins, Amelia Courthouse; Mr. and Mrs. H. H. Knight, Charlottesville; W. H. Stokes, Rugby; J. T. Taylor, Jr., Princess Anne; Kelly Hobbs, Norfolk; B. A. Richard, Norfolk; Mr. and Mrs. E. L. Morris, Farmville; John B. Lawson, South Boston; Edward Reiche, Staunton.

Richmond—Harvey L. Wilson, Norfolk; W. G. Linton, Hot Springs; Frank Hopkin, Hot Springs; Annie W. Goebel, Charlottesville; L. E. Myers, Norfolk; M. F. Poynter, Roanoke; James Cannon, Jr., Blacksburg; W. B. Everett, Suffolk; James G. Martin, Norfolk; A. W. Cameron, Hot Springs; William C. Graham, Winchester; H. N. Nettie, Suffolk; L. P. Brinkley, Suffolk; Henry C. Humphreys, Bedford; Mr. and Mrs. Joseph S. Woodward, Staunton; George T. Dickinson, Louisa.

Lexington—Mr. and Mrs. J. L. Bunting, Norfolk; W. W. Bunting, Norfolk; John H. Coker, Bruno; J. T. O'Neill, Crockett; W. B. Roach, Rheoboth; H. N. Woodward, Powhatan; J. M. Leach, Jr., Widewater; J. L. Pitts, Scottsville; John B. Statton, Walker; B. E. Crook, Arvonia; J. C. Grassy, Clover; W. H. Henderson, Roanoke; J. D. Lockery, Clarksville; R. Y. Woodward, Grayville.

New Chambers Issued. The following chambers were granted yesterday by the State Corporation Commission:

Farmers' Co-operative Guano Company (Inc.), Blacksburg, Va. D. H. Fisher, president; Wilson, Va.; Freeman Epps, vice-president; R. B. Hardy, secretary, \$250,000; Blacksburg, Va. Capital, Maximum, \$250,000; minimum, \$100,000. Objects: Fertilizer business.

Floyd Copper Company (Inc.), Roanoke, Va. S. A. Luther, president, New York; G. A. Wood, vice-president, Jersey City, N. J.; R. H. Miller, secretary and treasurer, New York. Capital, \$2,000,000. Objects: Operate copper mines.

Wilson & Pullen (Inc.), Richmond. George B. Wilson, president; A. M. Pullen, secretary and treasurer; J. I. Pullen—all of Richmond. Capital, Maximum, \$15,000; minimum, \$10,000. Objects: Audit accounts, examining records.

Boxing Contest Arranged. MILWAUKEE, WIS., January 4.—Jimmy Clabby, welterweight, of Milwaukee, to-day was matched to meet Paddy Lavin, of Philadelphia, in a ten-round boxing contest at Buffalo, on January 29.

Entertainment Postponed. The entertainment which had been arranged for the Home for Incurables has been postponed until next week.

Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA.

Don't Persecute your Bowels. Get out cathartics and purgatives. They are brutal—Lax—unnecessary. Try CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS. Purely vegetable. As easily on the liver, as salt is on the stomach. It cures the delicate malfunctions of the bowels. Care Case—Bismarck, N. D.

Small Pills, Small Dose, Small Price. Genuine must bear signature.

SEED. Clover, Turnip, Grass, Wheat, Oats, Rye, Grain.

FEED. Horse, Dairy, Poultry, Gluten Meal, Alfalfa Feeds, Molasses Feed, Fertilizers.

S. T. Beveridge & Co. 1217 East Cary St., Richmond, Va.

COLDS. Are depressing, painful and annoying. Do not neglect an early treatment. Ward off serious complications that will assuredly follow neglect.

Rexall GRIPPE PILLS. Act quickly. They reduce fever, relieve all aching pains, do not depress the heart. They are the greatest of all specifics for colds. Price, 25c per box—available.

POLK MILLER DRUG CO., 824 East Main Street.

Fontello Water.

These Cold,

Crisp mornings nothing is quite so good as buckwheat cakes and genuine maple sapsyrup.

Both we offer as follows:

Self-Raising Buckwheat.....15c
Virginia Dark, at only.....50c
Northern Light, only.....05c
Milk Prepared, pkg.....12c
Pancake, pkg.....12c
Flapjack.....12c

Genuine Maple Sap Syrup, in—
Quart cans, at.....50c
Gallon cans, at.....\$1.75
New Orleans, quart.....20c

The meal can always be greatly added to by a dish of compote, for which we offer—

Evaporated Apples, 15c to.....20c
Peeled Peaches 20c to.....25c
Nectarines.....15c
Pears.....20c

At this price, our importation of Old Maderia, whose full, mellowed body, exquisite flavor, is without a peer—

Out bottling, per gal., \$1.25—\$5.00. Get our catalogue.

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